

Freedom of Information

Category:	Compliance	Policy Number:	PRO140.1
Reviewer:	Chief Financial Officer	Revision:	005
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1. Purpose

- 1.1 The purpose of this Procedure is to:
- provide information for members of the public to effectively exercise their rights under the Victorian *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Vic) (the FOI Act) in relation to documents in HealthShare Victoria's (HSV) possession; and
 - to provide direction to HSV to ensure compliance with the FOI Act.
- 1.2 This procedure outlines the types of documents which may be released and those which might be exempt under the FOI Act, as well as procedures for processing FOI requests. This procedure applies to HSV and all the documents in its possession.
- 1.3 Details of the policy statement to support the application of the Freedom of Information Procedure is referenced within the POL140 Legislative Compliance Policy. This procedure is designed to be read in conjunction with the policy.

2. Procedure

2.1 FOI Request

a. Requirements for valid FOI request

For a FOI request to be valid, the request must:

- be in writing and be accompanied by payment of the FOI application fee unless the fee is waived or reduced; and
- provide sufficient information to enable HSV to identify the requested documents.
- Requests for documents in possession of HSV should be addressed to:

Freedom of Information Officer
HealthShare Victoria
Level 11, 50 Lonsdale Street
Melbourne VIC 3000

Alternatively, requests to HSV can be emailed to foi@healthsharevic.org.au Telephone enquiries can be made to 03 9947 3700.
- Where an applicant wishes to make a request but has not complied with the above requirements, HSV is obliged to take reasonable steps to assist the applicant to make a request in a manner that complies with the requirements under the FOI Act.
- HSV is not permitted to refuse access on the ground that the request does not comply with the above requirements, without first giving the applicant a reasonable opportunity of consultation with HSV with a view to making a valid request.

2.2 Documents and information covered

a. Documents generally in HSV's possession

- HSV has in its possession documents relating to its corporate governance, and documents relating to its statutory functions, including procurement activities. Below is an indicative list, which is not intended to be a comprehensive list, of all types of documents in HSV's possession.
- The following documents relate to HSV's corporate governance:
 - internal administration documents relating to staff management and HSV's organisation and operation, including personnel records, organisational and staffing records, financial and resource management records, audit records, internal operating policies and procedures, Requests for Tender, instructions and indexes;
 - departmental and general correspondence and papers;
 - agreements, memoranda of understanding and contracts between HSV and other bodies and organisations;

- D. records of meetings both internal to HSV and with external stakeholders, including agenda and minutes;
- E. agenda papers and minutes of Board and Committee meetings; and
- F. financial reports, expenditure estimates and expenditure reports.
- iii. The following documents relate to HSV's statutory functions:
 - A. policy documents;
 - B. recommendations and decisions;
 - C. documents relating to notifications in relation to health services;
 - D. legal documents, including legislation, instruments of delegation, legal advice and court documents;
 - E. requests for information under the FOI Act and files and papers relevant to the consideration of those requests;
 - F. standard operating policies and procedures;
 - G. correspondence with government and non-government parties;
 - H. statistics and databases;
 - I. documents submitted by third parties;
 - J. training materials; and
 - K. supplier lists.
- iv. In addition, several HSV documents can be accessed at www.healthsharevic.org.au without lodging a FOI request.
- v. Documents available on the websites include:
 - A. tenders and contracts;
 - B. Victorian Product Catalogue;
 - C. procurement policies; and
 - D. recall information.

2.3 Refusal of access

a. Unreasonable diversion of resources

- i. Under section 25A of the FOI Act, HSV may refuse to grant access to documents in accordance with the request, without processing the request, if HSV is satisfied that the work involved in processing the request would substantially and unreasonably divert HSV's resources from its other operations.
- ii. To comply with the section, HSV must estimate the resources required to process the request (including the people who have the expertise necessary to process the request, and the amount of time required of each person to process the request), and the impact that this drain of resources would have on HSV at this point in time (including the number of people who assist in processing FOI requests, the total number of FOI requests per year, and the total FOI budget, if any is specified).
- iii. HSV should consider (amongst other things) the resources that would have to be used in:
 - A. identifying the documents that fall within the ambit of the request;
 - B. examining each of the documents to determine their exempt status;
 - C. consulting with third parties where necessary;
 - D. making copies or edited copies of the documents; and
 - E. notifying the person requesting access of HSV's interim and final decisions.
- iv. If HSV decides to refuse to grant access to the documents under section 25A, HSV is required to give the person requesting access a written notice stating its intention to refuse access. The notice should also identify an officer with whom the person may consult so that the request might be made in a form that would remove the ground for refusal. HSV must then give the person a reasonable opportunity to consult with the relevant officer and provide the person with any information that would assist them in making the request in an acceptable form.

2.4 Exemptions

a. Deletion of exempt or irrelevant material

- i. Section 25 of the FOI Act permits HSV to delete or redact information from a document within the scope of an applicant's request, where that information is exempt from disclosure (as it falls within one or more of the exemptions) or is irrelevant to the applicant's request. In those circumstances, the

applicant must be provided with a copy of the requested document with redacted or deleted information, provided the following three conditions are met:

- A. to grant access would disclose information that is exempt from disclosure, or would reasonably be regarded as irrelevant to the request;
 - B. it is practicable for HSV to grant access to a copy of the document with the exempt or irrelevant material deleted; and
 - C. it appears from the request or the applicant subsequently indicates that they wish to have access to such a copy of the document.
- ii. When access is granted, the applicant must be notified that they have been provided with a copy of a document with redacted or deleted information.
 - iii. HSV will consider its requirements under Section 31A in considering if documents are exempt that relate to an IBAC matter.

2.5 Process upon receipt of FOI Request

- a. A flow chart depicting the FOI request process is contained in Appendix B.
- b. **Application Form**
 - i. Where possible, the standard application form should be completed by the applicant. See **Appendix A**. Note that the FOI Act does not require an applicant to use this form to submit a valid FOI request.
- c. **Forward all requests to the FOI Officer**
 - i. The FOI request should be emailed to foi@healthsharevic.org.au. The Chief Financial Officer assumes the role of the FOI Officer at HSV. The contact details of the FOI Officer are included under 'FOI Enquiries at HSV' in item 2.9.
 - ii. The request should then be processed in accordance with the following procedure:
- d. **Acknowledge receipt of request**
 - i. The first step is to check whether the applicant's request is a valid request, and if so, acknowledge the receipt of the applicant's request in writing.
 - ii. If the applicant's request is not valid, the applicant will be notified in writing that the request does not comply with the requirements of the FOI Act. As indicated above, HSV has a duty to assist an applicant in making a request which complies with the requirements under the FOI Act. The time frame for making a decision about an FOI request, as set out below, does not begin to run if the request is not valid.
 - iii. If the applicant has made a request to HSV which should have been directed to another agency, HSV will assist the applicant to direct their request to the appropriate agency.
- e. **Transfer of the request**
 - i. HSV may transfer the request to another agency if:
 - A. the document is not in the possession of HSV but is in the possession of another agency; or
 - B. the subject-matter of the document is more closely connected with the functions of another agency than with those of HSV.
 - ii. If HSV determines to transfer the request, it must do so promptly and inform the applicant of the decision to transfer the request. The request is considered to have been made to the second agency at the time the request is transferred or 14 days after the date of the original request to HSV (whichever period is shorter).
- f. **Initiate search for relevant documents**
 - i. Once the applicant of a valid request has been notified that their request has been received, the request should be forwarded to the relevant person or department so that a thorough and diligent search for all relevant documents can be undertaken.
 - ii. These documents should then be gathered and forwarded to the FOI Officer.
- g. **Requests involving computers**
 - i. The FOI Act does not generally require HSV to create a document that is not already in existence as of the date of the request. However, if it appears from the request that the applicant is requesting information that is 'not available in discrete form', and HSV could produce a written document containing the information in discrete form by the use of a computer (i.e. running a report), then HSV is required to produce such a document and provide it to the applicant (subject to the exemptions stated in the FOI Act). Information may 'not be available in discrete form' where:

- A. the information exists, but is not stored in a single record (for example, if a database must be interrogated to extract the information); or
 - B. the information is no longer available because the agency does not have the technology to retrieve it (for example, old emails backed up on a magnetic tape that cannot be accessed unless the information is converted to disc format).
- h. **Consult third parties if necessary**
 - i. It is then necessary to consider whether any of the grounds for refusal of access are relevant to the document sought by consulting relevant third parties. See section 2 above for further details on situations where access can be refused.
 - ii. HSV is required to consult third parties when considering if an exemption in Section 29, 29A, 31, 31A, 33, 34 or 35 applies. If HSV decides to release the documents under Section 33, 34 or 35, HSV will notify the third party that objected to disclosure, of their rights to seek review of their decision by VCAT.
- i. **Decision to be made by authorised person**
 - i. A decision must be made by an authorised person, being the FOI Officer, to either grant access or refuse access.
 - ii. The 'authorised decision maker' include HSV's Chief Executive or other officers of HSV that the Chief Executive approved to be the authorised decision maker under the FOI Act.
 - iii. If a request is refused, the applicant must be notified in writing of the decision. This notice must set out the reasons for the refusal of access (see below).
 - iv. If a request is granted, the applicant must be provided access to the documents sought.
- j. **Reasons to be given for refusal of access**
 - i. If the decision is made to refuse access, reasons for the refusal must be given to the applicant by way of notice in writing.
 - ii. The notice must:
 - A. state the findings on any material questions of fact, referring to the material on which those findings were based, and the reasons for the decision;
 - B. state the name and position of the person giving the decision;
 - C. inform the applicant or his/her right to apply for a review of the decision, the authority to which the application for review should be made, and the time within which the application for review must be made.
- k. **Where access given with the deletion of exempt matters**
 - i. If access is given to an applicant but with exempt matters under the FOI Act are deleted from the documents, the above notice must be provided to the applicant and it must also state that the document is a copy of a document from which the exempt matter has been deleted.
- l. **Where refusal on grounds of internal working document**
 - i. Where a request for access is refused on the grounds that the document is an internal working document, (section 30) the notice must also state the public interest considerations on which the decision is based.
- m. **Where refusal on grounds that the document does not exist or cannot be found**
 - i. If HSV determines that the documents sought do not exist or, after a thorough and diligent search, they cannot be found, HSV must also notify the applicant of their right to complain to the Information Commissioner.
- n. **Document filing and management**
 - i. All FOI requests received are to be filed in a protected folder and system managed by HSV Legal, with each application to be recorded as a separate folder.
 - ii. All correspondence and details of information requests including the assessment of appropriateness of documents are to be stored within the relevant folder.
 - iii. In addition, the annual data collection reporting requirement to the Information Commissioner will also be filed in a separate folder to allow for a review of completeness.
- o. **Time within which requests to be decided**
 - i. HSV must take all reasonable steps to ensure that an applicant is notified of a decision on a request as soon as practicable, but no later than 30 days after the request is received (unless the applicant agrees to extend the timeframe). Note also that if HSV determines that a deposit is payable on account

of the access charge, the request is only considered to have been made on the day on which the applicant has paid the deposit.

- ii. HSV may extend the period for deciding a request if consultation is required under Section 29, 29A, 31, 31A, 33, 34 or 35, by a period of not more than 15 days, alternatively by not more than 30 days as agreed with the applicant.

p. Costs

- i. All FOI requests incur an application fee. The fee is set by the Treasurer and updated annually on 1 July, as published in the Victorian Government Gazette.
 - A. The current fee is as set out on <https://healthsharevic.org.au/contact-us/>
 - B. Additional access charges may also be incurred.
- ii. Payment can be made to HSV via credit card using the secure payment platform on the HSV website <https://healthsharevic.org.au/contact-us/>
- iii. To ensure that your written request is valid, it must be submitted in writing accompanied by a remittance advice as evidence of the fee being processed.

q. Waiver of application fee where it would cause hardship

- i. HSV may waive or reduce the application fee if this would cause hardship for the applicant. Whether or not payment of the application fee will cause hardship to an applicant must be judged on a case-by-case basis. Generally, if the applicant can produce evidence that they are receiving social security payments of some kind, this will be sufficient evidence that payment of the application fee would cause hardship to the individual (for example, a health care card, concession card, or evidence of unemployment).
- ii. Other types of evidence might include:
 - A. bank statements;
 - B. whether the person has any dependents (e.g. partner, children); and
 - C. if the person has a partner, whether the partner is in the workforce.

r. Additional costs (most charges (other than copying) are calculated on Fee Units, which are updated on 1 July each year)

- i. In addition to the application fee, HSV is entitled to charge an applicant the following costs involved in processing their FOI request in accordance to the [Freedom of Information \(Access Charges\) Regulations 2014](#):
 - A. 1.5 fee units per hour or part of an hour for search time;
 - B. 1.5 fee units per hour calculated per ¼ hour for access to documents via the inspection of the documents under supervision;
 - C. 20 cents per A4 page for black and white photocopying; and
 - D. other reasonable costs, for:
 - colour photocopying;
 - providing a written transcript;
 - making arrangements to hear or view sound or visual image;
 - providing a written transcript; and
 - providing a written document not available in a discrete form.
- ii. If, in the opinion of HSV, a charge may exceed \$50, HSV must notify the applicant of this and ask the applicant whether they still wish to proceed with the request. In such a request, HSV must inform the applicant that the applicant will be required to pay a deposit on account of the charge. The deposit the applicant will be required to pay is:
 - A. \$25 if the charge does not exceed \$100; or
 - B. 50% of the charge if the amount of the charge exceeds \$100.
 - C. Such a notice must also:
 - state the name and position of the person who calculated the charge (the FOI Officer);
 - inform the applicant of:
 - their right to apply for a review of the charge;
 - the authority to which the application for review should be made; and

- the time within which the application for review must be made (there is no time specified in the Act or Regulations, however 28 days is recommended as it reflects the time frames for review applications to the Information Commissioner).
 - iii. If requested to do so by the applicant, HSV must discuss with the applicant practicable alternatives for altering the request or reducing the anticipated charge, including reduction of the charge if the applicant shall waive, either conditionally or unconditionally, the need for HSV to comply with the 30-day deadline imposed under the FOI Act.
 - iv. Note that a charge is limited to the time spent in conducting a routine search and does not cover additional time, if any, spent in searching for a document that is lost or misplaced. Furthermore, HSV cannot charge for examining a document to determine whether it contains an exempt matter, or in deleting an exempt matter from a document.
 - v. HSV must waive the charges for the reasonable costs incurred in supplying copies of documents, in making arrangements for viewing documents, in providing a written transcript, or in providing a written document if the applicant does not have the money to pay and the request relates to the personal affairs of the applicant.
 - vi. In addition, under the FOI Act, charges other than those for copying or creating a document from a computer record shall not be made if the applicant's intended use is of general public interest or benefit, the applicant is a Victorian state MP or if the document sought contains information regarding the personal affairs of the applicant (such as the applicant's health information).
 - vii. HSV must not require an applicant to pay a charge before HSV has notified the applicant of the decision to grant access to a document.
 - viii. If a charge is payable and a deposit is sought, then the time for processing the request stops until the deposit is paid (or waived). The 30-day period for making a decision starts again when a deposit is received.
 - ix. Access to documents should not be granted until charges have been received. A recommended approach is to send the decision letter to the applicant with a request for the charges to be paid and then send out the documents sought once the charges have been paid.
- s. **Right of Review**
- i. An important part of the Freedom of Information scheme governed by the FOI Act is the ability for applicants to seek a review of an FOI decision or to complain to the Information Commissioner about their dealings with an agency.
 - ii. However, the right to seek a review with the Information Commissioner only arises where the decision of the agency is made by an officer (an employee) who is not the "Principal Officer" of the agency. In relation to agencies such as HSV, the principal officer is generally considered to be the Chief Executive.
 - iii. At HSV, FOI decisions are made by an FOI Officer appointed to that role by the Chief Executive. The FOI Officer should be the signatory of any decision letter.
 - iv. At HSV, FOI decisions are not made by the Chief Executive unless the Chief Executive has specifically decided to make the decision in a particular case.

2.6 Forms of access

- a. If a request for access to documents is granted, access may be provided by HSV in any one or more of the following ways:
 - i. inspection of documents;
 - ii. copy of documents;
 - iii. an internet site, as established by the Minister for that purpose;
 - iv. hearing sounds or viewing images (e.g. listening to an audio recording or viewing films/pictures);
 - v. written transcript;
 - vi. computer print-out; or
 - vii. providing a copy of document with exempt matters deleted.
- b. **When access in a particular form may be refused**
 - i. Where an applicant has requested access in a particular form, HSV must provide access in that form except where the form of access requested:
 - A. would interfere unreasonably with the operations of HSV;

- B. would be detrimental to the preservation of the document, or having regard to the physical nature of the document, would not be appropriate; or
- C. would involve an infringement of copyright.

2.7 Review of decisions

a. Review by the Information Commissioner

- i. Under section 49A of the FOI Act, an applicant may within 28 days of receiving notice of the decision to refuse access apply to the Information Commissioner for a review of the decision.
- ii. The Information Commissioner must give each party a reasonable opportunity to make written submissions in relation to the review.
- iii. The Information Commissioner may make preliminary enquiries and consult with HSV for the purposes of the review. HSV must assist the Information Commissioner to undertake the review.
- iv. The Information Commissioner is required to review the decision within 30 days of the application being received.
- v. The Information Commissioner has powers under section 49KA of the FOI Act to request HSV to search further for documents. The Information Commissioner may only use these powers where the Information Commissioner reasonably believes that HSV has failed to undertake an adequate search for documents that relate to a decision that is the subject of a review under sections 49A to 49P.
- vi. During the review, the Information Commissioner may give notice to HSV to:
 - A. process or identify a reasonable sample of the documents to which the request relates; or
 - B. undertake a further search for documents in HSV's possession, custody or control.
- vii. HSV must comply with a requirement of the Information Commissioner within the reasonable period stated in the notice, being not less than 10 business days. HSV may request the time for complying with a notice to be extended.
- viii. After reviewing the decision, under section 49P of the FOI Act the Information Commissioner must make a fresh decision on the original application for access to documents.
- ix. The Information Commissioner must give HSV and the applicant written notice of the fresh decision and the reasons for it and inform HSV and the applicant of their right to apply to VCAT for review.
- x. A decision by the Information Commissioner requiring HSV to release a document referred to in section 33, 34 or 35 will not take effect until 60 days after notice of the decision is given, or if an application is made to VCAT within that 60 day period, until a decision is made by VCAT.
- xi. A decision by the Information Commissioner requiring HSV to release any other document or a document to the extent that it does not include information of a kind referred to in section 33, 34 or 35 will not take effect until 14 days after notice of the decision is given, or if an application is made to VCAT within that 14-day period, until a decision is made by VCAT.

b. Referral back to HSV for fresh decision

- i. The Information Commissioner may, with the agreement of the applicant, refer the matter back to HSV for reconsideration and to make a fresh decision. HSV can also do this on its own accord.
- ii. The fresh decision must be made within 45 days of the referral, unless agreed otherwise by the Information Commissioner and HSV.
- iii. HSV must notify the Information Commissioner within 3 business days after the end of the 45-day period (or other agreed period) that a fresh decision has been made or has not been made.
- iv. If HSV makes a fresh decision, it must revoke its earlier decision. Where the applicant agrees with the fresh decision, the Information Commissioner will dismiss the review.
- v. Where the applicant does not agree with the fresh decision, or HSV does not make a fresh decision within 45 days (or other agreed period) of receiving the referral, the Information Commissioner will recommence the review.
- vi. HSV may also make a fresh decision without a referral while a review by the Information Commissioner is taking place under section 49M of the FOI Act. In this circumstance, HSV must notify the Information Commissioner in writing of that fresh decision. Where the applicant agrees with the fresh decision, the Information Commissioner will dismiss the review. Where the applicant does not agree with the fresh decision, the Information Commissioner will complete the review.
- vii. HSV may make a fresh decision under section 49M of the FOI Act only once while the Information Commissioner is undertaking a review of the original decision.

- viii. The Information Commissioner may also facilitate a negotiated agreement between HSV and the applicant and may refer the matter to a 'relevant authority', such as the Auditor-General, the Chief Commissioner of Police, or the Privacy Commissioner.

c. Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal (VCAT)

- i. An applicant can apply to VCAT for the review of certain types of decisions, including:
 - A. a decision of the authorised decision maker of HSV refusing to grant the applicant access to a document in full;
 - B. a decision has not been made within 30 days (or any extension of time the applicant has agreed to) which is called a 'deemed refusal'. This means that HSV is taken to have refused access to documents in full;
 - C. a decision was made by an unauthorised person;
 - D. a decision of the Information Commissioner refusing to grant the applicant access to a document;
 - E. a decision of the Information Commissioner deferring the provision of access to a document;
 - F. a decision relating to fees charged, if the Information Commissioner certifies that the matter is of sufficient importance for VCAT to consider;
 - G. a decision to disclose a document containing information relating to the personal affairs of a person; and
 - H. a decision not to amend a record.
- ii. Generally, an applicant must apply to OVIC for a review before applying to VCAT. However, there are some instances where an applicant may apply directly to VCAT without first going through OVIC where:
 - A. HSV has not made a decision within the required time, and HSV is deemed to have refused the request (called deemed refusal); and
 - B. HSV decides to refuse access to a document under section 29A (documents affecting national security, defence or international relations). OVIC cannot review these kinds of decisions. If a certificate has been issued under section 29A(2), VCAT cannot review the decision to grant the certificate. Instead, VCAT will consider whether reasonable grounds exist for the claim that the document is exempt under section 29A.
 - C. An applicant cannot apply to VCAT on a deemed refusal if HSV has asked the applicant to pay access charges but the applicant has not paid a deposit (if required) or the actual charges.
- iii. HSV or the applicant can apply to VCAT for the review of a relevant decision, but must do so within 14 days of receiving notice of the decision, as per Section 52(9)
- iv. Once HSV or the applicant has filed an application for review, VCAT will notify the other party of the application and set a date for a directions hearing.
- v. At the hearing, VCAT conducts a review of the merits of the decision. As such, it is making a fresh decision. VCAT can order access to the exempt documents if it is in the public interest.

2.8 Professional Standards

- a. Section 6W of the FOI Act requires that the authorised decision maker of HSV and any employee or officer of HSV concerned in the operation of the FOI Act must comply with professional standards in performing the employee's or officer's functions under the FOI Act. In addition, the authorised decision maker of HSV will ensure that any officer or employee of HSV is informed about the requirements of and complies with the professional standards.
- b. The Freedom of Information Professional Standards have been published and are available at:
<https://ovic.vic.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/Professional-Standards-V1.0.pdf>

2.9 FOI Enquiries at HSV

- a. FOI Officer Contact Details:
Post: C/- FOI Officer, HealthShare Victoria, Level 11, 50 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne, 3000
Email: foi@healthsharevic.org.au

3. Related Documentation

3.1 POL140 Legislative Compliance Policy

Request for documents

Section 17 – Freedom of Information Act 1982 (Vic)

The *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Vic) (**FOI Act**) gives you the right to request access to documents held by Victorian public sector agencies and Ministers.

Certain information may be exempt from disclosure. This means you may not be able to access all of the information you would like.

You can use this form to help you to make a request to HSV.

If you use this form, you need to provide it to HSV who has the documents you are requesting. You can send this form to HSV via foi@healthsharevic.org.au.

If you use this form, your personal information will be used by HSV for the purpose of processing your request. This may include disclosing your name and the terms of your request to third parties. Your request may also be transferred to another agency who is better placed to handle it.


1. Are you making this request on someone's behalf or as a representative?

 For example, you are someone's lawyer or advocate.

☐ No – Skip to question 3.

☒ Yes – Continue to question 2.

2. Who do you represent?

 These are the details of the person you are acting for or represent.

Title:

First Name:

Last Name:

Organisation (if applicable):

Your relationship:

3. What is your name?

Title:

First Name:

Last Name:

Organisation (if applicable):

4. How can we contact you?


Please provide a phone number and either an email or postal address.

Phone:

Click or tap here to enter text.

Email:

Click or tap here to enter text.

Post:

Click or tap here to enter text.

5. If you are requesting personal information, can you provide proof of identity or authorisation?


Your identity may need to be verified before personal information can be released to you.

☐

Yes – I have attached a copy of an identity document like a driver's licence, or if acting on someone's behalf, I have attached an Authority to Act and a copy of their identity documents.

☐

No – Contact me if this is required.

6. Are you requesting the application fee to be waived or reduced due to hardship?


You must pay an application fee for your request to be valid.

☐

No – I want the agency to contact me and let me know how to pay the application fee.

☐

Yes – I have attached evidence of hardship, for example a copy of a Centrelink card.

7. How would you prefer to receive any documents that are located?


Your preference will be considered but access may be provided in another way.

☐

Send a digital copy of the documents to the email address I have listed.

☐

Send a hard copy of the documents to the postal address I have listed.

☐

I want to inspect the documents at the agency's office.

☐

Contact me to discuss other options.

8. Can information or documents be excluded if it isn't needed?


Excluding information you don't need may assist with your request being processed more efficiently.

☐

Personal information of other people can be excluded from the documents.

8. Can information or documents be excluded if it isn't needed?

- ☐ Duplicate documents can be excluded.
- ☐ Draft documents can be excluded.

9. Can the documents be edited to remove exempt and irrelevant information?


Under section 25 of the FOI Act, to access documents with exempt and irrelevant information edited out you must indicate if you will accept edited copies of the documents. If you don't agree to receive edited copies, HSV can exempt and refuse access to the documents in full, even if there is some information that could be released to you.

- ☐ I agree to receiving edited documents.
- ☐ I do not agree to receiving edited documents.

10. What are the documents you are requesting?

Identify or describe the documents you want. You need to provide enough information for HSV to identify and locate the documents. You should try to be specific about the documents you want and include as much information as possible. Contact HSV and ask for help if you are unsure.

Try to include information like:



- What is the name of the document?
- What do the documents relate to (for example, a complaint you made, an interaction you had with an agency, or a decision that an agency made about a project or issue)?
- When were the documents created (for example, is there a specific day or date range)?
- Do you know where the documents might be located (for example, in a particular email account, with a specific person, or held by a business or work unit)?
- What format are the documents in, or what types of documents are you requesting (for example, an email, report, CCTV footage)?

Click or tap here to enter text.

11. Is there any additional information you can provide?


Providing background or contextual information might assist HSV in processing your request. This could include your reasons for requesting the documents and what you intend to do with them. Providing additional information may assist HSV to identify and locate documents relevant to your request.

Click or tap here to enter text.

Freedom of Information Request Process
